

Trickle Up Diffusion: An Integrated Theory Inferred from the Diffusion of Symbolic Products

Christian Pescher
FAU Erlangen-Nürnberg
Gerard Tellis
University of Southern California

Cite as:

Pescher Christian, Tellis Gerard (2021), Trickle Up Diffusion: An Integrated Theory Inferred from the Diffusion of Symbolic Products. *Proceedings of the European Marketing Academy*, 50th, (94659)

Paper from the 50th Annual EMAC Conference, Madrid, May 25-28, 2021



Trickle Up Diffusion: An Integrated Theory Inferred from the Diffusion of Symbolic Products

Abstract

The authors analyze the diffusion over 200 product categories based on a multidisciplinary re-view of over 190 diffusion studies and 8,000 reports. Findings are as follows. First, most journal articles in marketing focus on functional B2C product categories (predominantly consumer durables), while few focus on symbolic product categories. This focus suggests a data availability bias in favor of B2C functional product categories and questions the generalizability of existing marketing findings. Second, a substantial literature outside academic publications explains the diffusion of symbolic innovations in music, dance, and fashion and functional innovations in consumer durables. Third, while a trickle down diffusion (rich to poor) process seems to hold for consumer durables, a trickle up diffusion (poor to rich) process seems to hold for symbolic innovations. Fourth, the authors develop an integrated theory of trickle up diffusion whose foundational mechanisms are self-identity formation and rebelliousness among adolescents and signaling youth and vitality by mainstream consumers.

Keywords: *Innovation; Diffusion; Historical*

Track: Innovation Management & New Product Development