## Free Will Versus Force: The Role of Brand Equity and Strategic Human Resource Management in Employee Motivation

## Jan Kleinhans University of Mannheim Arnd Vomberg HEC Paris

## Acknowledgements:

The authors would like to thank YouGov Germany for providing the considered data, the Julius Paul Stiegler Memorial Foundation for the financial support of conference visits, and Simone Wies for her valuable feedback on earlier versions of this article.

## Cite as:

Kleinhans Jan, Vomberg Arnd (2025), Free Will Versus Force: The Role of Brand Equity and Strategic Human Resource Management in Employee Motivation. *Proceedings of the European Marketing Academy*, 54th, (125864)

Paper from the 54th Annual EMAC Conference, Madrid, Spain, May 25-30, 2025



Free Will Versus Force: The Role of Brand Equity and Strategic Human **Resource Management in Employee Motivation** 

Can firms leverage their brands to motivate employees? With employee motivation at historic

lows, traditional tools of strategic human resource management (SHRM) may fall short. The

authors distinguish between two routes to employee motivation, explore their interplay, and

assess their financial impact. The first route, force, encompasses external factors such as those

introduced through SHRM, an important component of the social dimension in ESG ratings.

The second route, free will, encompasses intangible factors related to meaningfulness of

work, which is driven, among other things, by brand equity. Analysing YouGov brand equity

data, 380,000 Glassdoor reviews, and ESG and financial data for 311 public firms over five

years, the authors find that brand equity, a key marketing outcome, boosts employee

motivation and drives SHRM engagement. The findings underscore the importance of

aligning marketing and HR strategies to foster a motivated workforce and enhance financial

performance.

Keywords: marketing-human resource management interface, brand equity, employee

motivation

*Track: Marketing Strategy & Theory* 

1