Leveraging Collective Intelligence for Marketing Resilience: Embracing Uncertainty through Collaborative Leadership for Global Teams

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Abstract: As globalization rapidly accelerates, with emerging technologies, cultural intermediaries, and mediatization creating new challenges and opportunities for marketing professionals, collaborative leadership becomes an effective strategy to foster engagement, adaptability, and resilience within global marketing. By analyzing collaborative leadership principles, such as shared vision development and marketing team empowerment, this study seeks insights into navigating an ever-evolving global landscape as well as aspects of organizations adapting to technological environments, while encouraging collaboration within communities of practice.

Keywords: globalization, collaborative leadership, marketing team empowerment

1. Introduction

Globalization, technology, and cultural diversity are altering how organizations manage global teams. Collaborative leadership has emerged as an invaluable way of encouraging adaptability and resilience during rapid changes. This research seeks to explore the power of collaborative leadership for increasing team engagement and productivity by capitalizing on diversity within global teams. The study seeks to gain insights into innovative practices that could contribute to increased performance and resilience by exploring how new technologies influence team collaboration practices. It also aims to illuminate effective approaches that could contribute to increased performance, meaningful learning experiences and an enhanced sense of community within global teams by investigating team dynamics, social interactions and inclusive practices that promote cohesion and collaborative decision-making processes.

Diverse backgrounds and skill levels of team members can be utilized to foster opportunities for meaningful learning experiences and community building. Collaborative leadership takes full advantage of such diversity by emphasizing social interactions and behavioral change over personality-based leadership; by co-creating a community of practice and cultivating shared engagement through open expression, practitioners can foster more collaborative cultures. This study will investigate whether such practices could enhance team performance by exploring their transformative effects on team dynamics and social interactions.

As organizations face the daunting challenge of leading diverse global teams, it is essential that they foster a sense of belonging while building empathy and teamwork skills essential for effective collaborative leadership. Problematic logic goes like this: when leaders employ effective strategies of inclusive practice within virtual teams, team members become more likely to adopt collaborative leadership approaches; ultimately communities of practice based on collaborative principles will emerge and engage team members through inquiry, innovation, and exploration. This study is intended to provide practical recommendations for organizations looking to foster a culture of collaborative leadership across global teams by using real-life case studies as part of their investigation.

2. Purpose of the Research

This research seeks to explore how collective intelligence through collaborative leadership can strengthen marketing resilience amidst an ever-evolving global environment. By exploring principles of collaborative leadership, fostering shared vision, and empowering marketing teams, this study hopes to offer insights into how marketing professionals can manage challenges while seizing opportunities that arise from such complex environments. Collaborative leadership plays an essential part in improving team performance and resilience by capitalizing on inherent diversity while creating an atmosphere of belonging among team members. Teams employ collaborative leadership when setting their goals and strategies while continuously reconstructing positions or issues as necessary; this may involve different team structures or group formation based on expertise or current needs resulting from challenges. This research seeks to explore the power of collaborative leadership in improving global teams' performance and adaptability by exploring its transformative impacts on team dynamics, social interactions, and inclusive practices. By investigating innovative structures which promote collaboration and shared decision making this study hopes to gain insight into effective approaches that lead to enhanced performance, meaningful learning experiences, and an enhanced sense of community within global teams.

By exploring collaborative leadership principles, fostering shared vision, and empowering marketing teams, this study seeks to offer insight into how marketing professionals can effectively face up to and capitalize on complex and volatile environments (Ancona & Bresman, 2012; Crevani, Lindgren, and Packendorff, 2010). Additionally, this research seeks to examine the role of technology in facilitating collaboration (Majchrzak, Jarvenpaa, and Hollingshead, 2007), as well as examine its effect on innovative marketing strategies and resilient organizational cultures (Stahl, Maznevski, and Jonsen, 2010). Through an analysis of real-world case studies and existing literature on collaborative leadership, this research strives to offer practical recommendations and best practices for organizations looking to adapt to an ever-evolving global environment (Uhl-Bien, Marion, and McKelvey, 2007). Furthermore, it hopes to further our understanding of how collaborative leadership interacts with collective intelligence and marketing resilience as an organization seeks to adapt (Tapscott & Williams, 2006).

Collaborative leadership can be an invaluable asset to global teams, enabling individuals and groups to collaborate to form positions and reframe issues as necessary. This can be accomplished via team structures or by creating groups based on expertise or current needs. Raelin (2011) emphasizes that leadership as practice focuses on where, how, and why rather than who. Adopting this approach allows practitioners to better evaluate their actions against mutual interests while reconstructing. To facilitate this type of leadership in a global team environment, practitioners should focus on co-creating an engaged community while permitting expression as part of building shared engagement. Collaborative leadership involves engaging people in a process of collaborative co-construction of themselves and the leadership process, with an understanding that identity is formed in relationships, with dialogue playing an integral role in these processes. To foster such a community, it is crucial that the focus shifts away from individual emotional support towards group cohesion; from exploration to resolution; and toward teaching presence as a way of strengthening the social presence and connectivity (Swan & Shih, 2005; Gunawardena & Zittle, 1997).

3. Research Method

A qualitative research approach was employed to explore the role that collaborative leadership can play in strengthening marketing resilience and increasing collective intelligence within global teams, as well as gain a comprehensive understanding of this complex, dynamic phenomenon, including its influence on marketing operations in an ever-evolving global environment. The research process included an in-depth literature review on collective intelligence, marketing resilience, and collaborative leadership - with seminal works such as Malone and Klein's (2007) exploration of collective intelligence and Surowiecki's (2005) investigation of a "wisdom of the crowd". Meckler and Bailetti's (2020) research on collaborative leadership within the technology industry was also examined extensively.

Case study research provided insights into the practical application of collaborative leadership strategies across multiple industries through marketing campaigns. To do this, selected marketing strategies that successfully implemented collaborative leadership principles and analyzed their strategies, team structures, and outcomes; case studies represented industries including technology, healthcare, and consumer goods. Data analysis employed a thematic approach, with collected information being organized into key themes related to collaborative leadership, marketing resilience, and collective intelligence. Analyses of patterns and trends revealed insight into the effectiveness of collaborative leadership strategies for increasing marketing resilience while harnessing collective intelligence within global teams.

Utilizing a qualitative research approach with an extensive literature review and case studies enabled an extensive examination of collaborative leadership in marketing. This provided valuable insights into its practical implementation across various industries as marketing campaigns employed collaborative leadership strategies for collaborative campaigns across them all. The results of this study have significant ramifications for marketing professionals navigating today's dynamic global environment.

4. Major Results

The major findings of the research revealed several core principles of collaborative leadership essential for cultivating collective intelligence and marketing resilience, such as open communication, trust, and shared decision-making (Ibarra & Hansen, 2011). Additionally, this research illuminated the significance of creating a shared vision that aligns goals and fosters strategic thinking within marketing teams and throughout organizations (Senge 2006). Study findings also revealed that empowering marketing teams by encouraging autonomy, facilitating cross-functional collaboration, and supporting continuous learning and development could significantly boost collective intelligence and resilience (Heifetz, Grashow, and Linsky, 2009). These insights offer important guidance for successfully navigating an everevolving global marketing landscape.

4.1 Collaborative leadership as a principle

A study identified several core principles of collaborative leadership, such as open communication, trust, and shared decision-making, which are essential for fostering collective intelligence and marketing resilience (Ibarra & Hansen, 2011). Open communication is a cornerstone of collaborative leadership, as it allows team members to freely express ideas, feedback, and concerns without fear of reprisal from leadership. According to Ibarra and Hansen (2011), creating a culture of open communication helps build trust and psychological safety between team members which in turn fosters collective intelligence and resilience - this becomes especially essential when working across time zones and cultures - open dialogue becomes even more imperative in today's global marketing environments. Trust was also identified in this study as one of the key principles of collaborative leadership. Trust allows team members to rely on one another and feel assured that everyone is working toward a shared goal, according to Ibarra and Hansen (2011). Trust can be established over time through consistent and reliable behavior; especially important when running marketing campaigns that require extensive coordination among multiple functions and stakeholders - where building it requires consistently reliable behavior over time.

Participatory decision-making is at the core of collaborative leadership. By including team members in this process, leaders can harness their collective intelligence and creativity for improved results and increased resilience against challenges. Senge, Kleiner, Roberts, Ross, and Smith (1994), proponents of shared decision-making, believe it can foster ownership and accountability within teams, leading to improved performance and resilience during difficult times. Marketing decisions often have a lasting effect, and including team members in decision-making processes can result in more efficient and creative solutions. Overall, the authors' insights stress the significance of collaborative leadership principles such as open communication, trust, and shared decision-making for fostering collective intelligence and building resilience. By applying these principles in their leadership approach, marketing teams can successfully navigate the complexity of an ever-evolving global environment while creating an atmosphere conducive to cooperation and innovation that fosters increased success and adaptability.

Procter & Gamble (P&G) demonstrated in an actual case study the power of shared decision-making and collaborative leadership to deliver successful results. According to Huston and Sakkab (2006), P&G revitalized its innovation process by adopting collaborative leadership principles like shared decision-making, open communication, and trust. An innovation network was formed at the company to foster collaboration across disciplines while encouraging the exchange of ideas. P&G implemented this approach to harness the collective intelligence of their workforce and create game-changing innovations and increase resilience in an increasingly competitive market. P&G witnessed an impressive jump from a 15% to a 50% innovation success rate between 2000 and 2006 (Huston & Sakkab, 2006). This case illustrates the effectiveness of collaborative leadership in cultivating innovation and resilience within marketing fields, providing invaluable lessons for organizations facing an ever-evolving global environment. Collaborative leadership principles such as open communication, trust, and shared decision-making have been identified as essential for cultivating collective intelligence and marketing resilience (Ibarra & Hansen 2011; Senge et al., 1994). By creating an environment of open communication and trust, leaders can foster psychological safety, increase collective intelligence, and foster resilience in today's global marketing environments. Shared decision-making allows leaders to tap the collective intelligence of their team for enhanced outcomes and increased resilience against challenges.

4.2 Building a shared vision

Creating a shared vision is essential to collaborative leadership, as it fosters a sense of purpose and unity among team members. Senge (2006) highlights the necessity of aligning marketing teams and organizations with goals and objectives that promote strategic thinking and ensure all efforts align. By setting forth this shared vision, leaders can foster an environment in which team members feel motivated to contribute their best work to its success while feeling invested in its future success. Kouzes and Posner (2007) identified creating a shared vision as a critical aspect of effective leadership in their research, concluding that leaders who were able to articulate an appealing vision while engaging team members in its creation saw increased commitment, satisfaction, and performance from their teams.

This finding highlighted the significance of not just creating but actively engaging team members in creating shared visions to secure buy-in and engagement from every stakeholder in achieving organizational success. Hrebiniak (2005) also stresses the significance of developing a shared vision as part of organizational strategies' successful implementation. Marketing teams can use such an outline as a guide in their decision-making processes, prioritizing initiatives that align with organizational goals while driving innovation and adaptability in response to obstacles. Establishing a shared vision is an integral component of collaborative leadership, creating a sense of purpose and team unity among team members. Senge (2006) emphasizes the need for an organizational-wide understanding of goals and objectives to facilitate strategic thinking as well as ensure marketing teams and the broader organization work toward common goals simultaneously. By setting this precedent for their team members to contribute their best work while feeling invested in its success.

An established vision not only unifies team members, but it can also serve as the cornerstone of creating an environment of innovation and continuous improvement. Kotter and Heskett (1992) state that organizations with a clear, shared vision are better equipped to respond quickly and remain competitive as market changes occur. An articulated vision can motivate team members to explore new ideas, identify opportunities, and take calculated risks in pursuit of growth and long-term success. Shared visions also enable marketing teams to remain focused on their core objectives, ensuring that actions and initiatives contribute towards meeting an organization's larger strategic goals. Furthermore, as globalization changes the

global landscape further, having such an orientation provides the clarity and direction required for informed decisions that result in long-term success for marketing teams.

One example of collaborative leadership and shared vision can be seen in IBM's transformation in the 1990s under Lou Gerstner. Under Gerstner's direction, IBM underwent a dramatic cultural change from siloed work teams to ones that valued teamwork and mutual goals. Gerstner recognized that creating unity among IBM team members and aligning their efforts with strategic goals were imperative in creating successful results (Garvin, 2000). Gerstner accomplished this by communicating a clear vision for IBM's future, focused on satisfying customer needs with integrated solutions delivered throughout the organization (Gerstner, 2002). To help realize this vision he engaged employees actively in its creation and implementation thus creating a sense of ownership and commitment from them toward its success resulting in enhanced performance, innovation, and adaptability to rapidly shifting market conditions (Gerstner, 2002). IBM's turnaround under Gerstner exemplifies the importance of creating a shared vision as an essential element of effective collaborative leadership. By instilling a sense of purpose and unity among team members, organizations can better align their efforts, drive innovation forward and adapt quickly to changing global landscapes.

In summary, creating a shared vision is an integral component of collaborative leadership that fosters a sense of purpose and unity among team members (Senge, 2006). Effective leaders craft compelling visions and engage team members in their development, leading to increased commitment, satisfaction, and performance (Kouzes & Posner, 2007). Marketing teams benefit from having a shared vision to guide them in prioritizing initiatives aligned with organizational goals while driving innovation and adaptability in response to challenges (Hrebiniak, 2005). Organizations benefit from having a clear, shared vision to respond more quickly and remain competitive, inspiring their team members to explore new ideas for long-term success (Kotter & Heskett, 1992). IBM's transformation under Lou Gerstner's leadership stands as an exemplar of how collaborative vision and leadership can drive innovation, adaptability, and success in an ever-evolving global environment (Garvin, 2000; Gerstner, 2002).

4.3 Empowering marketing teams

Empowering marketing teams is a critical component of collaborative leadership that leads to increased collective intelligence and resilience. Engaging individuals within teams by encouraging autonomy empowers them to take ownership of their work and make decisions that contribute to the overall success of an organization. Researchers have demonstrated the advantages of autonomy on creativity, engagement, job satisfaction, and performance (Gagne & Deci, 2005). Furthermore, cross-functional collaboration enables team members to capitalize on the different perspectives and skill sets of their colleagues for enhanced problem-solving abilities (Sundstrom, De Meuse, and Futrell, 1990). Continuous learning and development are essential in building resilient marketing teams and helping organizations remain competitive in an ever-evolving global landscape.

By offering team members opportunities to broaden their skillset and develop new ones, companies can ensure their marketing teams have all they need to adapt quickly (Senge, 2006). A culture of continuous learning also helps organizations identify gaps in their strategies so that they remain responsive and competitive with market changes. Overall, empowering marketing teams by encouraging autonomy, encouraging cross-functional collaboration, and supporting continuous learning and development can significantly boost their collective intelligence and resilience (Heifetz et al., 2009). By creating an environment in which team members feel free to make decisions independently while cooperating with one another as well

as developing their skills over time, organizations can foster marketing teams capable of adapting quickly to challenges while driving long-term success.

An essential aspect of empowering marketing teams is creating an environment in which team members feel free to express themselves without fear of judgment or negative repercussions. Studies demonstrate the significance of psychological safety as an essential ingredient for team learning, innovation, and adaptability (Edmondson, 1999). By creating an environment of trust and openness, leaders can encourage team members to express their perspectives freely, collaborate effectively, and take calculated risks, leading to improved decision-making and performance (Edmondson & Lei, 2014). Psychological safety environments play a vital role in supporting marketing teams' ability to thrive in today's everevolving global landscape. One notable example of how collaborative leadership and a culture of autonomy, collaboration, and continuous learning can empower marketing teams is Google's transformation of its marketing organization.

Aiken and Keller (2011) noted how Google fostered an environment of empowerment by providing autonomy to their marketing teams, encouraging cross-functional collaboration, and prioritizing continuous learning and development. Google created a model known as the "70/20/10" rule which allocated 70% of resources toward core business tasks, 20% toward emerging projects, and 10% toward high-risk, high-reward innovations (Aiken & Keller, 2011). This allowed marketing teams to balance focus on core activities while exploring innovative ideas. Google's culture of collaboration and cross-functional teamwork enabled its organization to benefit from diverse perspectives and skill sets, leading to improved problem-solving and decision-making (Aiken & Keller, 2011). Their emphasis on continuous learning and development ensured their marketing teams remained agile and adaptable in response to the market. Their marketing organization's success serves as an example of why empowering marketing teams through collaborative leadership, autonomy collaboration, and continuous learning is so crucial in creating collective intelligence and resilience in teams.

Encouraging marketing teams through collaborative leadership is essential for building collective intelligence and resilience. By encouraging autonomy, encouraging cross-functional collaboration, and supporting continuous learning and development, organizations can foster an environment in which team members feel secure to take control of their work, make independent decisions, and contribute to the overall success (Gagne & Deci, 2005; Sundstromet al., 1990; Senge, 2006; Heifetz et al., 2009). Fostering psychological safety is critical to supporting open communication, innovation, and adaptability within teams (Edmondson 1999; Edmondson & Lei 2014). Google's transformation of its marketing organization serves as an exemplar of collaborative leadership and an environment of autonomy, collaboration, and continuous learning that enables better problem-solving, decision-making, and overall success (Aiken & Keller, 2011). By adopting these principles organizations can form marketing teams capable of driving long-term success in an ever-evolving global environment.

5. Implications

This research offers many lessons for marketing professionals and organizations. Emphasizing collaborative leadership is crucial for marketing teams and organizations to increase collective intelligence and adapt well in times of uncertainty. Marketing teams and organizations should prioritize collaborative leadership strategies as an important way of increasing collective intelligence and adapting well in times of uncertainty. Emphasizing collaborative leadership is vital for marketing teams and organizations, as it creates an atmosphere of trust, open communication, and shared responsibilities. Collaborative leadership promotes teamwork and cooperation to reach common goals while effectively meeting challenges head-on. Fostering such an environment also allows companies to access the

collective intelligence of their team members for improved decision-making, creativity, and problem-solving capabilities (Carmeli, Gelbard, and Reiter-Palmon, 2013). At times of market change and uncertainty, organizations that prioritize collaborative leadership are better suited to adapt and respond. A collaborative leadership style encourages team members to share their varied perspectives and skill sets for more innovative solutions as well as greater resilience against adversity (Heifetz et al., 2009). By prioritizing collaborative leadership marketing teams and organizations can foster a culture of adaptability that ensures they remain successful amid an ever-evolving global environment.

Collaborative leadership not only fosters trust, open communication and shared responsibilities between team members but also allows organizations to capitalize on the various talents and experiences present within their ranks. This leadership approach encourages individual participation by inviting them to use their unique talents and expertise, leading to a deeper understanding of challenges and opportunities (Ancona & Bresman, 2007). By welcoming and harnessing diverse perspectives, marketing teams and organizations can harness them to generate creative ideas, develop innovative strategies, and ultimately achieve better results. By prioritizing collaborative leadership, marketing teams and organizations not only increase their collective intelligence and adaptability but also position themselves for long-term success in an ever-competitive global marketplace.

Fostering a shared vision is essential for marketing leaders, to ensure their teams and organizations are working towards common goals and objectives. An organization-wide vision helps marketing teams align their efforts with organizational strategy, facilitating more efficient decision-making and resource allocation. Marketing leaders can cultivate a shared vision by engaging team members in the process of setting objectives and values and regularly communicating and reinforcing the vision to keep everyone focused and motivated (Senge, 2006). Fostering such an environment creates an atmosphere where team members feel a sense of purpose and unity as well as an increase in commitment, satisfaction, and performance (Kouzes & Posner, 2007).

Empowering marketing teams is key to effective collaborative leadership. Businesses that foster autonomy, cross-functional collaboration, and continued learning and development can foster an atmosphere where team members feel engaged with their work and are motivated. Autonomy fosters increased creativity, job satisfaction, and performance because it allows individuals to take ownership of their work and make decisions that will contribute to the overall success of an organization (Gagne & Deci, 2005). Cross-functional collaboration creates an environment in which team members can draw upon the varied perspectives and skill sets of their colleagues to enhance problem-solving abilities (Sundstrom et al., 1990). Furthermore, continuous learning and development foster resilience among marketing teams so they can adjust to an ever-evolving global environment (Senge, 2006).

6. Conclusion

Building upon principles of collaborative leadership, collaborative vision setting, empowering marketing teams, and harnessing technology, marketing professionals can effectively navigate today's ever-evolving global environment. As organizations become more interdependent and marketing strategies more intricate, cultivating a collaborative leadership style becomes even more vital to unleashing the full potential of marketing teams. By adhering to these principles and creating an environment that fosters trust, open communication, shared responsibilities, and continuous learning, marketing leaders can harness the collective intelligence of their teams more efficiently, improve decision-making capabilities, and secure long-term success in an increasingly dynamic marketplace.

In today's ever-evolving global landscape, collaborative leadership, fostering shared visions, empowering marketing teams, and using technology cannot be understated. Marketing teams and organizations that prioritize these principles are better able to increase collective intelligence, adapt quickly to market fluctuations, and ultimately attain long-term success. By cultivating an environment that fosters trust, open communication, shared responsibilities, and mutual respect between their team members - marketing leaders can unlock all their teams' full potential while harnessing diverse perspectives and skill sets for optimal team performances.

Marketing professionals can extend the benefits of collaborative leadership, empowering marketing teams, and harnessing technology by prioritizing continuous learning. In an age of rapid change and innovation, leaders must remain agile and adaptable to remain ahead of the competition. Promoting ongoing education and skill development not only keeps individual team members up to date with industry trends and best practices but also fosters innovation within organizations. By prioritizing continuous learning and development marketing professionals can keep their skills sharp, embrace new technologies with open arms, and generate fresh ideas to further business expansion.

Future studies could investigate the effect of virtual and remote working environments on collaborative leadership and collective intelligence among marketing teams. As remote work becomes more prevalent, understanding how technology can assist team members working remotely in communicating effectively will become ever more essential. Investigating the role of various organizational cultures in supporting or hindering collaborative leadership and collective intelligence can provide organizations with more insights to adapt their approaches to meet changing market demands. Such research provides a deeper insight into what factors drive successful marketing teams in an increasingly complex global environment.

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